

JIT IMPLEMENTATION IN INVENTORY MANAGEMENT IN SERVICE INDUSTRY

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ABSTRACT

Inventories are the largest property and the most important assets for the company. Without proper management on inventory will bring dramatic negative impact. The occurrence of inefficiencies in warehouse and inventory management frequently happened due to deliver time, quantity, route of products undefined and the information send was inaccurate and out of date. This research study undergoes to analyses the impact of JIT implementation on inventory management of healthcare industry. The objectives of this research study are to identify the effect of JIT implementation to inventory cost at Oralix Sdn Bhd, and to analysis the effect between the JIT implementation and the performance of inventory management in healthcare industry. Through this research, it was found that JIT implementation give high effect on inventory cost. However, JIT implementation showing moderate impact on the performance of inventory management. The findings of this research could increase the awareness and contribute to the industry especially to healthcare industry and those industry owned huge size of inventories.

OBJECTIVES RESULTS The effect between the JIT implementation and the The effect of JIT implementation on inventory To identify the effect of JIT performance of inventory management. cost. implementation to inventory cost at Oralix Sdn Bhd. Bil **Effect** Mean Bil **Effect** Mean To analysis the effect between the JIT Reduce cost handling stock return 5.6000 implementation and the performance of Reduce production lead time 5.5333 inventory management in healthcare **Reduce inventory storing cost** 5.5667 5.4000 Reduce resource wastage industry. **Effective replenishment** 5.3333 5.5667 **Reduce insurance cost METHODS** Reduce raw materials/parts 5.2333 Decrease shrinkage cost 5.5333 5.2000 Decrease rate of return 5.5333 **Reduce transit cost** Start 5.2000 Reduce frequency stoppage 6 **Decrease stock depreciation cost** 5.4333 5.1333 **Buffer shortage 5.4000** Decrease cost of capital **Selection of Population & Sampling** 5.1000 Minimize scrap and reject 8 5.3667 Reduce warehouse rental cost 5.0667 **Decrease delivery time** 9 **Development of Research Instrument** Reduce replenishment cost 5.3667 (Questionnaire) **Increase forecasting accuracy** 5.0333 **10 Reduce documentation cost** 5.2333 Increase delivery quality (time, product 5.0000 11 condition and the right products) Reduce cost of rush shipment 5.2333 Pilot test No **Reduce inventories** 4.9000 **12** Make necessary Decrease workforce cost (less **Determination** 5.2000 **Amendment(s)** Cronbach's Alpha inventory to handle) Increase customer satisfaction (time, product **value** >0.7 4.9000 13 **Reduce production cost** 5.1000 condition and the right products) 4.8667 **14 Increase supplier relationship** 5.0667 More accurate costing Yes Reduce cost of small-order-quantity 4.8000 **15** Reduce purchase lot size **Distribution of Questionnaires** 5.0667 surcharge 4.7333 Effective in inventory planning **16** 5.0333 Take against tax benefit 4.7000 **Analysation of Data 17** Improve quality control 5.0000 Take advantages on quantity discount (SPSS) 4.6333 **18 Increase productivity** Reduce obsolescence cost 4.9333 4.5667 **Better quality of information 19 Summary of Finding &** Reduce purchase cost 4.9000 Recommendation 4.5333 **Increase inventory turn over** Reduce cost of mismatch (time, 4.8333 4.5000 **Increase flexibility** quantity, quality) **OVERALL AVERAGE** 5.2483 **OVERALL AVERAGE** 4.9698 REFERENCES Rating **Description** Criteria **Description** Criteria Rating Jacobs, F. R., L.Berry, W., Whybark, D. Would not affect inventory cost Would not affect inventory efficiency None None C., & Vollmann, T. E. (2011). Low and partially affect inventory efficiency Low and partially affect inventory cost Low Low Manufacturing Planning & Control For Minor effect inventory efficiency Minor affect inventory cost Minor Minor Moderate affect inventory efficiency Moderate affect inventory cost Moderate Moderate Supply Chain Management (Sixth Edit). High affect inventory efficiency High affect inventory cost High High America: McGraw-Hill. Significantly affect inventory efficiency Very high Significantly affect inventory cost Very high **CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION**

The major area of inventory cost being reduce with the implementation of JIT is reducing cost in handling stock return. JIT will give moderate effect toward the performance of inventory management. The highest effect will be on reduce production lead time, followed by reduce resource wastage, and effective replenishment. It is advisable that the sample size should be wider in future study in order to ensure that the research results could represent the whole population for healthcare industry.